

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
09/392,585	09/09/99	DESLANDES		т	0055716
-		LM12/0501	٦		EXAMINER
SUGHRUE MION ZINN MACPEAK & SEAS				VAUGHN JR,W	
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE NW				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON D	C 20037-32	02		2756 DATE MAILED	
		•			05/01/00

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks





Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/392,585

Applicant(s)

Deslandes et al.

Examiner

William. C. Vaughn, Jr.

Group Art Unit 2756



Responsive to communication(s) filed on Sep 9, 1999	
☐ This action is FINAL .	
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for form in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	nal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed 0. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to exp is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to resapplication to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extensions o 37 CFR 1.136(a).	spond within the period for response will cause the
Disposition of Claims	
	is/are pending in the application.
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
☐ Claim(s)	
Claim(s)	
☐ Claims	are subject to restriction or election requirement.
Application Papers	
⊠ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Rev	
★ The drawing(s) filed on Sep 9, 1999 is/are objected to	
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	_ is □approved □disapproved.
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
\square The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority unde	
☑ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of the	priority documents have been
🛛 received.	
received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number)	
received in this national stage application from the Inter	
*Certified copies not received: Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority un	
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority un	idel 33 0.3.0. 3 113(0).
Attachment(s)	
Notice of References Cited, PTO-892 Notice of References Cited, PTO-1449, Report No(s) Notice of References Cited, PTO-1449, Report No(s) Notice of References Cited, PTO-892 Notice of References Cited Cite	
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s).	
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413☒ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948	
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152	
Notice of informal Patent Application, 110 102	
SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE P	FOLLOWING PAGES

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The application has been examined. **Original claims 1-12** are pending. The objections and rejections cited are as stated below:

Priority

2. Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority based on the prior foreign application filed in France on 11 September 1998. It is also noted that, receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Drawings

- 3. The drawings are objected to because of the objections noted on the PTO-948 form attached. Correction is required.
- 4. This application has been filed with informal drawings which are acceptable for examination purposes only.
- 5. Applicant is required to submit a proposed drawing correction in reply to this Office action.
- 6. The drawings are objected to because the examiner request that reference labels be included with each item number [All Figures]. Correction is requested.

Specification

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7. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: It is noted that within several areas of applicant's specification, there exist language as well as spelling and grammatical errors that should be address by the applicant.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 8. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 9. Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1-12, Applicant's claim language is not clear for example, the recitation, "firstly establishing a link with a management server through the public network, by means of at least one supervision terminal independent of the at least one off-line franking machine, in accordance with". Applicant might rewrite this limitation as, --first establishing a link with a management server through a public network, by means of at least one supervision terminal, independent of at least one off-line franking machine, with a determined protocol of communication--. This is merely a suggestion. Also Applicant, should address the claim language of claims 5, 9, and 11. In light of the given example above, the U.S. Attorney should check this set of claims to make sure that they comply with the regulations.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wang, U.S. Patent No. 5,991,746 in view of Hyde, Jr. (Hyde), U.S. Patent No. 6,038,553.
- 12. Regarding independent claims 1 and 12, Wang discloses the invention substantially as claimed. Wang discloses a process for monitoring the consumption of a plurality of franking machines through a public communication network, at least one franking machine not being connected to this network (Wang teaches an ATM billing system that includes a plurality of billing collectors, and a billing center coupled to an ATM network. The system is monitored and managed by the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Data Generators monitor the management information base (MIB) in their respective slots of the ATM switch and, in particular, it monitors the contents of tables which contain accounting information), [Figs. 1 and 2, Col. 1, lines 52-67, Col. 2, lines 25-67], wherein it comprises the steps of first establishing a link with a management server through the public network, by means of at least one supervision terminal independent in accordance with a determined protocol of communication (Wang

teaches each billing collector is represented as an application on a workstation which communicates with the ATM switch via an ethernet connection and that the network manager (18) coordinates the billing system by managing the switches and by controlling and monitoring the billing collectors and also by providing network wide configuration service), [Col. 4, lines 2-26] and then processing with an exchange of data between the terminal and the server during which the user acquires at the supervision terminal a current invoicing index and in return receives a code of authorization to frank in order to validate the subsequent frankings (Wang also teaches obtaining statistical data regarding billing records from different ATM switches.

After a new billing record is created in the MIB table using SNMP's adding MIB table entry function), Col. 4, lines 26-57 and Col. 5, lines 1-44]. However Wang does not disclose at least one off-line franking machine not being connected to the network.

13. In the same field of endeavor, Hyde discloses in an analogous art a electronic commerce system. Hyde discloses at least one off-line franking machine not being connected to the network (Hyde teaches that the administration module (management server) processing in the check cashing system utilizes a display service menu and makes an off-line connection with a customer service module (franking machine). Hyde does teach that the customer service representative can view and update customer records and transaction records stored in the check cashing database through the use of the customer service module. There are a plurality of check cashing transaction modules with which registered customers may cash registered checks and each check cashing transaction modules includes a display and /or touchscreen, for receiving

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information from the customer. Hyde also teaches that the transaction modules are implemented in modified automatic teller machines (ATM), [Figs. 1, 6, Col. 2, 11-55, Col. 4, lines 6-63, and Col. 6, lines 15-38]. This aspect of Hyde clearly identifies with applicants validation of the franking machine that was presently offline and subsequently reconnected with the management server.

- 14. Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the networking art at the time the invention was made to incorporated Hyde's teachings of an electronic commerce system with Wang's teachings of billing system for collecting MIB tables for billing in an ATM network for the purpose of having an automated system updating and verifying transaction between a server and a ATM machine. By this rationale **independent claims 1 and 12** are rejected.
- 15. Dependent claims 2-11, recite features which are common in the networking art and are taught within the figures of Wang-Hyde. Regarding the limitation of a protocol of communication used for establishing a link with the remote server is a videotex protocol, such as teletel protocol (Hyde discloses that system can be utilized within voice, video, and other multimedia type environments), [see Hyde, Col. 4, lines 6-11], and said protocol of communication used for establishing a link with the remote server is a protocol of TCP/IP (As it is well known in the art that SNMP is a management protocol that works with TCP/IP), [see Wang, Col. 5, lines 36-43] and said step of data exchange comprises a step of acquisition by the user of an identifier including at least one password or personal identification number and step

of data exchange comprises a step of display, at the supervision terminal, of a list of the printing heads associated with the user's plurality of franking machines, and, for each printing head, of a last invoicing index validated by the server, (Official Notice is taken (see MPEP 2144.03)), (see also prior art of record, Abumehdi et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,367,464, where it discloses a franking system that allows for a user who requires additional credit for use in franking, the user operates a control key of the keyboard to initiate a credit resetting mode of operation and that user is required to enter a personal identification number (PIN), followed by entering the amount of credit required), [see Abumehdi, Col. 6, lines 29-60] and establishing a link with the remote server is a protocol of telephonic communication of the vocal synthesis type [see Hyde, Col. 4, lines 6-11]. By this rationale dependent claims 2-11 are rejected.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 16. Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abumehdi et al. (Abumehdi), U.S. Patent No. 5,367,464 in view of Wang, U.S. Patent No. 5,991,746 and further in view of Hyde, Jr. (Hyde), U.S. Patent No. 6,038,553.
- 17. Regarding independent claims 1 and 12, Abumehdi discloses the invention substantially as claimed. Wang discloses a process for monitoring the consumption of a plurality of franking machines through a public communication network, at least one franking machine connected to

this network (Abumehdi teaches a plurality of franking machines that can be remotely reset for credit when franking transaction), [Col. 3, lines 1-30] wherein it comprises the steps of first establishing a link with a management server through the public network, by means of at least one supervision terminal independent (Abumehdi teaches that in order to enable the meter to communicate via the telephone network an input/output interface circuit is connected between input/output ports of the microprocessor and the modem. This is done to connect the meter to a remote terminal (management server). It is also noted that the telephone network of Abumehdi can operate digitally with the franking machine and the remote terminal), [Col. 5, lines 60-68 and Col. 6, lines 1-28] in accordance with a determined protocol of communication (Official Notice is taken (see MPEP 2144.03)), (see also prior art of record, Brookner et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,009,417 discloses a proof of postage generating system connects a communication channel between a franking device and a data center and that the channel may be a dialed voice telephone call over the public switched telephone network, with modems at each end of the line or alternatively the channel may be an ISDN telephone line, or may be a TCP/IP session placed over any suitable physical medium and underlying protocol, such as frame relay), [see Brookner, Col. 3, lines 45-56], and then processing with an exchange of data between the terminal and the server during which the user acquires at the supervision terminal a current invoicing index and in return receives a code of authorization to frank in order to validate the subsequent frankings (Abumehdi teaches that when a user requires additional credit for use in franking, the user operates a control key of the keyboard in order to initiate a credit resetting mode of operation

with the remote terminal and that a user is required to enter a personal identification number (PIN)), [Col. 6, lines 29-51]. However Abumehdi does not disclose at monitoring the consumption a plurality least one off-line franking machine not being connected to the network.

- In the same field of endeavor, Wang discloses in an analogous art a billing system for collecting MIB tables for billing in an ATM network. Wang discloses *monitoring the consumption* (Wang teaches that a data generator that is provided with SNMP communication capability and with a modified TFTP communication capability for monitoring the contents of tables which contain accounting information of a plurality of billing collectors at each different node within the ATM network), [Col. 2, lines 35-60, col. 4, lines 1-37].
- 19. Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the networking art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated Wang's billing system for collecting MIB tables for billing in an ATM network with the teachings of Abumehdi for the purpose of protecting the billing statistics from unauthorized access n accidental loss [see Wang, Col. 29-41]. With regards to at least one of the franking machine having been off-line, (Official Notice is taken (see MPEP 2144.03)), (see Hyde, Jr. (Hyde), U.S. Patent No. 6,038,553, discloses that the administration module (management server) processing in the check cashing system utilizes a display service menu and makes an off-line connection with a customer service module (franking machine)), [see Hyde, Figs. 1, 6, Col. 2, 11-55, Col. 4, lines 6-63, and Col. 6, lines 15-38]. By this rationale independent claims 1 and 12 are rejected.

Citation of Pertinent Prior Art

20. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Marlin et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,778,377 discloses an automated management system that came by utilized in the banking environment as well as postal. That has a system manager that resides on a workstation which is connected into a network. The network could either be LAN or WAN. The system has a management application that is a program that initiates management requests. There are several ways in which this program could by utilized, such as an application with a GUI, an application program agent, or it may be a network management protocol agent that translates requests from a standard network management program such as SNMP or CMIP to the DMI and back again [see Marlin, Col. 4, lines 25-38 and Col. 6, lines 16-67].

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner 21. should be directed to William C. Vaughn, Jr. whose telephone number is (703) 306-9129. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:00 to 4:30. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mehmet Geckil, can be reached on (703) 305-9676. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 305-9731 (for informal or draft communications, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"). Any inquiry of a

general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-9600.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, DC 20231

OR:

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2021 Crystal

Driver, Arlington, VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist)

William C. Vaughn, Jr.

Patent Examiner

AU 2756

April 28, 2000

MEHMET B. GECKIL PRIMARY EXAMINER

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